POLICIES AND GUIDELINES FOR ALCOHOL USE IN STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

The Ohio State University College of Pharmacy respects the rights of individuals to consume alcohol in a legal and responsible manner. The College’s policy and regulations concerning alcohol use are intended to promote personal responsibility in regard to an individual’s decisions concerning alcohol use or abstinence. It is expected that these decisions will be based on personal values and social responsibility and conform to the laws and regulations of the Ohio State University, the State of Ohio, and the Ohio State Board of Pharmacy. Pharmacists and pharmacy students who choose to use alcohol should be aware that they are held fully responsible for their actions by the State Board of Pharmacy. The Board has the authority to revoke licensure due to irresponsible use of alcohol.

Policies
1. All Ohio laws, City of Columbus ordinances, and components of the University’s Code of Student Conduct relating to the use of alcohol must be adhered to at all times.
2. No alcoholic beverages may be served at student events within the College.
3. No alcoholic beverages are permitted to be consumed in University vehicles.
4. Advertisements or announcements for events which include an allusion to alcohol are not permitted to be displayed within the College.
5. Non-alcoholic beverages and food should be provided at any event where alcoholic beverages are available.
6. Party sponsors are responsible for assuring that only persons of legal age shall be served alcoholic beverages.
7. College of Pharmacy policies and procedures for student recovery from chemical dependence have been approved by the faculty. A copy is available in this manual and in the Office of Student Affairs. These include resources for students who may have a problem relating to alcohol or other drug dependencies.

Guidelines
Alcohol: Zero-One-Three

Zero alcohol if.....
On certain medications or have certain illnesses.
Behind the wheel.
Stressed or tired.
Either the son, daughter, or sibling of someone with alcoholism.
Recovering from alcoholism or drug dependence.
Violating existing laws or policies.
Expecting, nursing, or considering pregnancy.

ONE = One drink per hour

By keeping the pace to one drink per hour, the body’s alcohol metabolism capacity will not be surpassed by alcohol intake.

THREE = No more than three drinks per day.

Drinking more than three drinks per day frequently is associated with long term health problems such as cardiovascular disease, certain cancers, liver disease, pancreatic disease, neurological and psychiatric disorders, and alcoholism to name a few.